

Climate Check –

Decarbonization in Austrian Guidelines RVS / RVE

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> MAÚT30 International Scientific Symposium 1-2 Oct 2024, Budapest, Hungary

FSV Austrian Research Association for Roads, Railways and Transport

- founded in 1950 as Association for Roads, part of ÖIAV
- located near Karlskirche in Vienna
- ~ 1.400 experts from administration, industry and science
- develop, document and communicate knowledge of design, construction and operation of roads, rail and transportation





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FSV our main products

 Guidelines (Richtlinien), regulations (Vorschriften), information notes (Merkblätter) and description of services (Leistungsbeschreibung)

- Organization of conferences, seminars and lectures
- Issuing product approvals
- Certification of road safety inspectors (RSA/RSI)

• FSV Reader to access guidelines RVS/RVE



Version 50 | Stand 1. September 2023





FSV working groups



SUBGRADE



TUNNEL CONSTRUCTION



BRIDGE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION



ASPHALT ROADS







ROAD PAVEMENT



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TRANSPORTATION AND ENVIRONMENT



FUNDAMENTALS OF TRANSPORTATION



URBAN TRANSPORTATION



PLANNING AND TRAFFIC SAFETY



OPERATION OF ROADS, ROAD EQUIPMENT



TENDERING PROCESS FOR ENGINEERING WORKS



RAILWAYS



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Infrastructure already affected by climate change

more frequent landslides and floodings



landslide A9, June 2024 (Asfinag)



flooding in Eastern Austria, station Tullnerfeld, Sep 2024 (ÖBB)



Green House Gas (GHG) emissions in the EU27

- in 2023 in EU27 3 200 Mt CO_{2eq} , worldwide 53 000 Mt, Austria 72 Mt CO_{2eq}
- only transport sector rises
- Green Deal EU climate neutral by 2050



European Commission, Joint Research Centre, GHG Emissions of all world countries, 40020, 2024



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Green House Gas (GHG) emissions in Austria

Anteil der Sektoren an den gesamten THG-Emissionen 2022

Änderung der Emissionen zwischen 1990 und 2022



FSV should assist to decarbonize transport

- in 2022 the FSV monitoring group on climate prepared recommendations
- investigation of RVS which require revision



FSV Klimacheck

- launched in 2022 internal project
 - identify criteria to evaluate climate relevance
 - -check every RVS/RVE according to these criteria
 - prioritize guidelines
 - recommendations how to proceed



Eight criteria to define climate relevance





Criteria 1: Building related GHG-E

- carbon footprint of buildings
 - raw materials like gravel, sand, cement, iron, carbon,
 bitumen, ...
 - building material like concrete, steel, asphalt mixtures, ...
 - constructions like bridges, tunnels, embarkments, ...

- depends very much on local conditions
- measured as kg CO2eq per weight or volume







Criteria 2: Traffic related GHG-E

- carbon footprint of traffic performance
 - changes in road infrastructure will influence travel demand
 - primary and secondary induced additional transport
 - measures as kg CO2eq per km by car and HGV (truck) and VMT (VehicleKm)

	1990		2019		20	2020		2021		2022	
	Mio PersKm/a	Mio tKm/a									
Car / Road	54 600	22 400	74 600	60 700	69 700	59 800	70 800	64 900	71 400	64 400	
Bus	5 500		8 800		7 100		7 400		7 200		
Rail	8 900	11 300	13 400	21 700	7 400	20 500	8 400	21 800	12 900	22 100	

Traffic performance by persons and freight traveled in Austria per year

Data: UBA report 872, 2023

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Eight criteria to define climate relevance



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Criteria 7: Climate neutrality target



Criteria 8: GHG-E over Life span

- all six criteria should be considered across life-span of construction (cradle-to-grave assessment, Life-Cycle-Assessment (LCA))
- difficult to handle in guideline; different lifetimes of constructions
- LCA guidelines and Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs): EN ISO 14040/44, EN 15804, EN 15643, EN 17472, EN ISO 14067





EPD - where to get them

- Environmental Product Decleration depends on product category
- standardized Product Category Rules (PCR) in EU, not worldwide
- EPDs depend on PCRs; EPD values partly depend on manufacturers info
- EPD values of building material highly regional dependent
- selected EPD databases for raw materials & building materials
 - CH <u>https://www.kbob.admin.ch/kbob/de/home/themen-leistungen/nachhaltiges-bauen/oekobilanzdaten_baubereich.html</u>
 - Ger https://www.oekobaudat.de/
 - AT database for concrete ÖBV <u>https://www.bau-epd.at/en/epd/list</u>
 - commercial: ecoinvent.org; spehre.com,
- EPD for construction elements (bridges, superstructure, embarkments, ...) <u>https://www.asfinag.net/dokumente/tphb/bau</u> → LCCO2



EPD - example reinforcing steel

- EPD of building material depends heavily on production location
- transport distance relevant because of weight and volume of building material





Juhart et al., Beton-Kalender 2023



Methodology: classification climate criteria

- for each RVS/RVE the climate criteria are classified
- criteria: direct GHG-E and indirect GWP
 - 1 = very high need for action Guideline does not consider GHG-E
 - 2 = high need for action GHG-E considered without intention of reduction

3 = need for action

GHG-E considered with intention of reduction

4 = little need for action

climate neutraliy as objective of guideline

5 = no need for action

guideline emphazises carbon sink

A = no climate relevance, no GWP

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Results: examples of three evaluations

• RVS 03.08.63 dimensioning of road superstructure (Oberbaubemessung)

building related GHG-E	traffic related GHG-E	total energy	land use change	recycled material	recyclability	Lifespan
1	1	1	А	2	1	2

• RVS 08.08.01 concrete and reinforced concrete (Beton und Stahlbeton)

building related GHG-E	traffic related GHG-E	total energy	land use change	recycled material	recyclability	Lifespan
1	А	1	А	1	1	1

• RVS 10.02.12 contract award criteria for public works (Zuschlagskriterien für Bauaufträge im Verkehrswegebau)

building related GHG-E	traffic related GHG-E	total energy	land use change	recycled material	recyclability	Lifespan	
3	А	1	1	3	1	1	

Methodology: rank guideline by relevance

assumption of the relevance of guideline classified from

I (very important) to IV (irrelevant)

(H) frequency of application of guideline

(P) procect size where guideline is applied

- = invested money, volumes shifted
- (V) changed traffic performance
 - = traffic affected by the project incl. induced traffic

relvance	Н	Р	V
1	1	1	1
	1	1	0
	1	0	1
Ш	1	0,5	0
	1	0	0,5
	1	0,5	0,5
	0	1	1
	0	1	0
	0	0	1
III	1	0	0
IV	0	0	0



Results

• 147 out of 309 guidelines (RVS/RVE) are climate relevant

• 37 high priority because climate relevant and high project relevance

RVS 01.03.11	Gestaltung und Aufbau einer RVS	
RVS 02.01.11	Grundsätze der Verkehrsplanung	
RVS 02.01.22	Nutzen-Kosten-Untersuchung im Verkehrswesen	
RVS 03.01.11	Beurteilung des Verkehrsablaufs auf Straßen	
RVS 03.03.23	Linienführung und Trassierung	
RVS 03.03.31	Querschnittselemente sowie Verkehrs- und Lichtraum von Freilandstraßen	Cross-section Elements and Envelopes of Clearance of Rural Roads
RVS 03.03.81	Ländliche Straßen und Güterwege	
RVS 03.04.12	Planung und Entwurf von Innerortsstraßen	
RVS 03.05.13	Gemischte und planfreie Knoten	
RVS 03.08.63	Oberbaubemessung	
RVS 04.01.11	Umweltuntersuchung	Environmental Assessment
RVS 04.01.12	Umweltmaßnahmen	
RVS 04.02.12	Ausbreitung von Luftschadstoffen und Tunnelportalen	Dispersion of Airborne Pollutants from Transport Routes and Tunnel Portals
RVS 05.02.11	Anforderungen und Aufstellung	
RVS 05.04.31	Einsatzkriterien Verkehrslichtsignalanlagen	
RVS 05.04.32	Planen von Verkehrslichtsignalanlagen	
RVS 07	Leistungsbeschreibung	
RVS 08.03.01	Erdarbeiten	Earthworks
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climate relevance required in new guidelines

 climate relevant criteria newly in "motive report" (describes the objective and target group of a future guideline)



example ÖBB: GWP optimized construction

passage for small animals built with 2 types of concrete



Ref-Beton Eco-Beton -25% Frenzwert kgCO2eq/m³ drijgetjefe-Ullaufeejerunestate -Octo

Same functionality & durability (>100 years) + CO2eq \downarrow



Juhart et al Beton- und Stahlbetonbau. 2022

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Conclusion

- GWP as core item to award an infrastructure project
- RVS/RVE have to contain guidance on GWP impact on constructions in planning, building and operation
 - 1. transport planning:CO2eq * traffic performance
 - 2. award and building: GHG-E should be an integral part in decision making
 - 3. EPD continously to be updated